

B27004

EMPLOYER-BASED HEALTH INSURANCE BY SEX BY AGE Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population 2010 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	689,249	+/-1,872
Male:	351,120	+/-2,257
Under 6 years:	33,667	+/-1,374
With employer-based health insurance	14,437	+/-1,806
No employer-based health insurance	19,230	+/-1,852
6 to 17 years:	64,400	+/-2,292
With employer-based health insurance	34,606	+/-2,571
No employer-based health insurance	29,794	+/-2,516
18 to 24 years:	31,899	+/-1,604
With employer-based health insurance	12,620	+/-1,490
No employer-based health insurance	19,279	+/-1,666
25 to 34 years:	47,996	+/-1,811
With employer-based health insurance	23,568	+/-2,114
No employer-based health insurance	24,428	+/-2,108
35 to 44 years:	45,510	+/-1,647
With employer-based health insurance	28,385	+/-2,012
No employer-based health insurance	17,125	+/-2,071
45 to 54 years:	56,100	+/-1,441
With employer-based health insurance	36,235	+/-1,856
No employer-based health insurance	19,865	+/-1,769
55 to 64 years:	46,546	+/-828
With employer-based health insurance	28,846	+/-1,637
No employer-based health insurance	17,700	+/-1,502
65 to 74 years:	17,286	+/-721
With employer-based health insurance	8,665	+/-953
No employer-based health insurance	8,621	+/-1,026
75 years and over:	7,716	+/-531
With employer-based health insurance	3,202	+/-675
No employer-based health insurance	4,514	+/-629
Female:	338,129	+/-1,869
Under 6 years:	30,792	+/-1,532
With employer-based health insurance	14,987	+/-1,661
No employer-based health insurance	15,805	+/-1,740
6 to 17 years:	59,125	+/-1,729
With employer-based health insurance	30,671	+/-2,337
No employer-based health insurance	28,454	+/-2,110
18 to 24 years:	33,878	+/-1,226
With employer-based health insurance	13,935	+/-1,604
No employer-based health insurance	19,943	+/-1,711
25 to 34 years:	47,646	+/-1,232
With employer-based health insurance	23,919	+/-2,274
No employer-based health insurance	23,727	+/-2,092
35 to 44 years:	44,094	+/-1,124
With employer-based health insurance	28,806	+/-1,555

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
No employer-based health insurance	15,288	+/-1,535
45 to 54 years:	54,924	+/-1,223
With employer-based health insurance	36,585	+/-2,018
No employer-based health insurance	18,339	+/-1,773
55 to 64 years:	40,842	+/-895
With employer-based health insurance	25,153	+/-1,369
No employer-based health insurance	15,689	+/-1,392
65 to 74 years:	16,632	+/-733
With employer-based health insurance	6,793	+/-909
No employer-based health insurance	9,839	+/-999
75 years and over:	10,196	+/-716
With employer-based health insurance	3,941	+/-777
No employer-based health insurance	6,255	+/-881

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An ****** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See ACS Health Insurance Definitions for a list of the insurance type definitions.

While the 2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.